

-Ed / -ing adjectives





Inglés

Los profesionales que dominan un segundo idioma tiene mayor acceso a oportunidades de negocios, capacitaciones a nivel internacional, ascensos, aumentos, y otros beneficios.

En el Perú, una persona que domine el inglés podría tener 15% a 30% más de remuneración laboral en comparación con alguien que desconoce el idioma universal.

Eureka xp, te da la bienvenida a un mundo de oportunidades.

Fuente: Diario Gestión

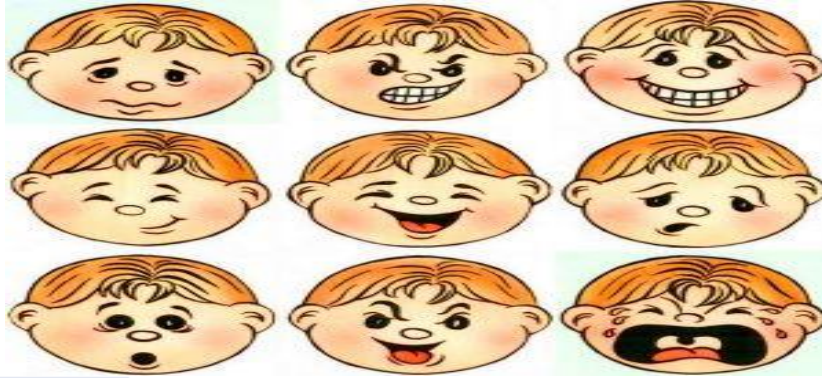


-Ed / -ing adjectives

Ed adjective

Adjectives that end in **-Ed** generally describe emotions – they tell us how people feel.

- ✓ My friend is bored / Mi amigo esta aburrido



Affirmative form

Verb to be + adjective -ed

- ✓ I am excited about the concert / Estoy emocionado por el concierto

Negative form

Verb to be + not + adjective -ed

- ✓ I am not bored / No estoy aburrido
- ✓ I am not excited about the concert / No estoy emocionado sobre el concierto

Question form

Verb to be + adjective -ed

- ✓ Is your friend bored? / Tu amigo está aburrido?



Now you 1

Complete with the adjective in brackets using (-ed)

- 1) I'm I have no idea what to do
- 2) I'm not very in sport
- 3) I am right now
- 4) I am in learning english
- 5) She is of working all day

-Ing adjectives

Adjectives that end in **-Ing** generally describe the thing that causes the emotion

- ✓ My friend is boring / Mi amigo es aburrido

Affirmative form

Verb to be + adjective -ing

- ✓ The concert was exciting / El concierto estuvo emocionante

Negative form

Verb to be + not + adjective -ing

- ✓ The concert was not exciting / El concierto no estuvo emocionante
- ✓ I am not bored / No estoy aburrido

Question form

Verb to be + adjective -ing

- ✓ Is your friend boring? / Tu amigo está aburrido?
- ✓ Was the concert exciting / El concierto estuvo emocionante
- ✓



Now you 2

Complete the adjective in brackets using (-ing)

1. This wet weather is so
2. He's such a person. He never wants to go out.
3. I didn't find his joke very
4. The film is very
5. These instructions are extremely

Note

- ✓ I am relaxed / Estoy relajado
- ✓ I am relaxing / Yo soy relajante

Now you 3

Complete with the adjective in brackets using (-ed) or (-ing)

1. I come home extremely at the end of each day
2. I am about the new movie
3. I don't find sport at all
4. I was to see you.
5. Public toilets are usually

"Nadie tiene éxito sin esfuerzo. Aquellos que tienen éxito se lo deben a la perseverancia."

Ramana Maharshi